POLITICAL POINTS.

JUDGE FOLGER FOR THE TREASURY.

His Appointment Determined Upon-Newspape mip on the Subject-Senate Proceedings Yesterday - Another Batch of Confirmations.

it was stated on the streets last night and telegraphed from here that the President had decided to appoint Chief-Justice Folger, of New York, Secretary of the Treasury, and that the appointment would be sent to the Senate to-day. The statement was made on the authority of ex-Secretary of the Treasury Windom, who had an interview with the President yesterday, and who nterview with the President yeareday, and who tated last night that the declination of Governor forgan was final and that the President so unsented to have given the history of Morgan's declination to the effect that he had agreed to accept the Secretaryship before his nomination was sent to the Senate, but that between that time and the time of his receiving the

NOTIFICATION OF HIS CONFIRMATION he yielded to the solicitation of his wife and the advice of his physician and wrote the President declining. Two Scuators who saw the President secting. Two Schators who saw the Fresheat yesterday say he informed them that Governor Morgan's letter was a final declination couched in terms which left no ground for hope that his objection might be overruled. It was generally reported last night that the President had been reported tast night that the President had oeen in communication with Judge Foiger, and that the latter had telegraphed his acceptance of the offered position. It is a part of the gossip of the street that the appointment of Foiger to the Secretaryship is but a temporary arrangement, and that eventually he would SUCCEED JUSTICE HUNT

on the Supreme bench. In this connection the correspondents who telegraphed from here last night had laid out a carefully arranged pro-gramme, the main points of which were that Con-gress would next winter make some arrangements for retiring Justice Hunt, when Folger would be transferred to the Supreme bench and ex-Scuator Conkling would be offered the Treasury portfolio. According to these gossips President Arthur is ex-tremely anxious to have

EX-SENATOR CONKLING at the head of the Tressury Department, but the latter's business arrangements will not permit of his taking the place at this time. Since his resig-nation from the Senate be is said to have accepted several large legal retainers notably inthe Hud-son River tunnel case in New York, and it is said he cannot get free for some time. Meantime they asset that Enjear is willing to assume ton. they assert that Folger is willing to assume temporary charge of the Department under the ex-pectation of succeeding Hunt on the Supreme bench, and that he would not be likely to abandon his present judicial position, in which he has yet a long term to serve for the uncertain tenure of a Cabinet position unless he had some reasonable expectation of the judicial position above re-

Senate Proceedings Yesterday. Mr. Ransom offered a resolution in the Senate yesterday providing that the power and authority vested in the Committee on Commerce by resolution adopted May 9, 1881, with reference to an inquiry into the condition of the Potomac River at Washington, be continued during the ensuing recess and that the committee report in

December next, Adopted.

Mr. Butler offered a resolution directing the air, Butler offered a resolution directing the Committee on Printing to inquire why the Agricultural Reports for 1880 have not been distributed to Congress. Adopted.

Mr. Sherman called up the resolution offered by him Tuesday for an investigation into the disburament of the contingent fund of the Treasury Department, after having modified it so as to read as follows:

as follows:

Resolved, That the Committee on Appropriations be directed to investigate the accounts for the expenditures of the several appropriations for contingent or other expenses of the several Departments, including the methods of making such disbursements, the character and deposition of purchases made, and the entered and appropriations and the expense of the property of

uring the recess of the senate.

The resolution was adopted; and, on Mr. Sherman's motion, the Meline report was referred to be Committee on Appropriations.

The Senate then, at 12:20, went into executive When the doors were respende the Senate (at 1:10) adjourned.

Nominations Yesterday.

New York, to be Superintendent of Census; Fred-erick Kneffer, of Indiana, to be pension agent at Indianapolis; John Tipton Lindsey, of California. to be receiver public moneys at Visaita, Cal.: Jas. to be receiver public moneys at Visalia, Cal.; Jas. M. Wilkinson, of Michigan, to be receiver public moneys at Marquette, Mich; Mifflin W. Gibbs, of Arkansas, to be register land office at Little Rock, Ark. Navy—Pay-Director James H. Watmough, of Pennsylvania, to be chief of the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing in Department of the Navy, with relative rank of commodore. Postmasters—Mrs. Jane Baldwin at Council Bluffs, Iowa; Lloyd Shinn at Dodge City, Kan. Treasury—Heury M. Cooper, of Arkansas, collector internal revenue, district of Arkansas.

Yesterday's Confirmations. The Senate in executive session yesterday confirmed the following nominations: Henry Highland Garnet, of New York, Minister Resident and consul-general to Liberia; William C. Raum, United States marshal Southern District of Mississippl: Henry M. Cooper, collector of internal rev-enue at Little Rock, Ark: M. W. Gibbs, register of land office at Little Rock, Ark.: Tipton Lindsen, receiver of public moneys at Visalia, Cal., and J. M. Wilkinson, receiver of public moneys at Mar-quette, Mich. Postmasters—Levi D. Jarrard, at New Brunswick, N. J.; Henry C. Russell, at Eafula, Ala.; Lloyd Shinn, at Dodge City, Kan.; J. C. McBride, at Lin-coln, Neb.

coln. Neb.

Navy: To be civil engineers—Robert E. Penvy, of
the District of Columbia: Frank O. Maxon, of the
District of Columbia; C. C. Walcott, of New York:
T. C. McCallam, of Pennsylvania. To be surgeon—
Passed Assistant Surgeon John W. Ross. To be assistant surgeons—William Wright Jaggard, of
Pennsylvania; John M. Edwards, of Pennsylvania;
Thomas C. Craig, of Pennsylvania; Philip Leach,
of Kansas; Harvey W. Whittaker, of Tennessee.

Several of the Senators who are anxlous to adjourn and get away from here as soon as possible, in calling on the President yesterday endeavored to satisfy themselves as to the probability of completing their business and adjourning this week. Two or three of them, on returning to the Senate Chamber, stated that they had received as-surances that the President would have no busi-ness that would detain them after Friday or Satur-

ness that would detain them after Friday or Saturday, when they think an adjournment sins die will be had. In consequence of these statements the general expectation now is that a large batch of nominations will be sent to the Senate to-day. Included in them will probably be the appointments of two Cabinet officers—successors to Messus, Windom and MacVeagh. The resignation of First Assistant Postmaster-General Tyner having been accepted the appointment of Frank Hatton, of the Burlington Houseye, as his successor, will doubtless also be sent in and acted upon at once. The Lynchburg Post-Office

There is a Bourbon uprising in behalf of Postmaster Wilson, of Lynchburg, for whom President Arthur has nominated a successor. We are informed that Wilson was a Straightout Republican until about ten days ago, when he gave in his adhesion to the Mahone movement. Pre-cisely what interest the Bourboon have in the case is only explainable by the fact that Senator Mahone urges the confirmation of President Arthur's nomines. Wilson was removed for cause, and, upon a call for the papers, it is stated by those

hone urges the confirmation of President Arthur's nominee. Wilson was removed for cause, and, upon a call for the papers, it is stated by those who have had access to them that he appears to have been a defaulter. He made the default good, say his friends, but that does not condone his offense. What touches the finer sensibilities of our common nature is that the Bourbon distress arises from the met that the delinquent postmaster was a Union soldier. The contest promises to be a lively one, and is the first test of the strength of the administration in a contested nomination.

Operatic Association.

There was a full attendance at the first rehearsal of the Washington Operatic Association, Mr. John P. Sousa was elected musical director in place of Mr. Harry Sherman, who was unable to accept the position. General E. D. Townshend, H. D. Norten, and O. H. Herring were elected inactive members. At this point Professor Sousa, accompanied by Dr. Hawe, entered the hall. He received a very cordial reception, which displayed the good feeling existing toward the confidence. The first act of the "Chimes of Normandy" was then taken up for study. It is the purpose of the executive committee to bring out this charmins little opera at an early date.

BLANCHE DOUGLASS IN TROUBLE. Charged With the Murder of Jenute Cra-

New Haven, Conn., Oct. 26.-There is another development in the Cramer mystery. Last evening State Attorney Doollitle prepared an in-formation against Blanche Douglass, the New York woman with whom Jenule Cramer and the

York woman with whom Jennie Cramer and the Malleys were inlimate during the week preceding Jennie's death, charging her with murdering Jennie Cramer, by inducing her to take and swallow down a certain deadly poison, commonly called arsenic. Blanche's trial for perjury was to have begun Thursday of this week, before Justice Booth, but in consequence of this murder warrant the rerjury proceedings will undoubtedly be quashed. Blanche was brought before the Superior Court prisoner instead of as a prisoner of the town of Orange. In January she and the Malleys will come before the grand jury, and, if indictments are found against them, they will be tried at the April term of the Superior Court. The Pinkerton detectives are believed to have uncarlied much new evidence, which is the basis for this action in connection with Blanche Douglass.

The Western Flouds.

CHICAGO, Oct. 26.—A dispatch from Kookuk reports a continued alarming rise in the Mississippi. The town of Alexandria is completely inundated. The city levee, near there, broke, and the water was overflowing the Wabash Railway embankment in the southern part of the city. A number of citizens have gone to Warsaw and Keokuk for protection. It is believed there is much danger of increased floods at Quincy, Ill., as the water is still very high.

Quincy, Ill., Oct. 26.—The Mississippi River at this place is now higher than at any time stace its. The running of trains on the Quincy, Alton and St. Louis branch of the Chicago, Burington and Quincy Railroad; has had to be abandoned on secount of the weakening of the bridge over Curis Creek, one mile south of this city. Trains are running to sud from Hannibal via Palmyra over the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad.

The Atlanta Cotton Exposition.
ATLANTA, Oct. 26.—Crowdshave come in on all the trains to-day, and the prospects are that there will be an immense gathering on Governors' day. Several State delegations are already here, and others are en route. Ten excursion trains will arrive early in the morning. Governor Bigelow, of Connecticut, and his staff have had a delightful

of Connecticut, and his staff have had a delightful time in Augusta to-day. Exhibitors from all the States have held meetings and organized associations for the benefit of the exposition and for showing special courtesles to their respective Governors. On Thursday evening a series of receptions will be given at the elegant private residence on Peachtre street, after which a party will be had at the executive mansion. Many entries of cattle for next week's show have been made this week, and the enhibits of blooded stock will be exceedingly creditable.

The Ceremonies in Richmond. RICHMOND, Oct. 26.-Richmond's York own centennial celebration is closing to-day with the grandest festivities of the season. The dem-centration consists of a parade of all the military onstration consists of a parade of all the military and civic organizations of this city, together with a remarkable business and trades display, the whole occupying nearly two hours in passing a given point. Basiness throughout the entire city is suspended, and the streets are througed with human belings, the city's population being augmented by not less than twenty thousand strangers. At the conclusion of the parade the British flag was raised on the State capitol building, and it is now, at two p.m., being saluted by the Richmond Howitzers. The festivities will be concluded to-night with a grand pyrotechnical display on the capitol grounds.

Ex-Governor Scott's Trinl. NAPOLEON, OHIO, Oct. 26 .- Robert K. scott, ex-Governor of South Carolina, is on trial for the murder of Warren G. Drury on December 24, 1880. He was indicted for murder in the sec-24, 1830. He was indicted for murder in the second degree, and has been on bail. Drury was a
drug clerk in Kneeisand's drug store, and on the
evening of the murder was taking care of a young
son of Governor Scott, who was drunk. The Governor went to get his son, and says that Drury refused to admit him to the bed-room, and made a
movement to draw a weapon, whereupon the
Governor drew and fired the fatal shot. The defense is that the shooting was accidental.

The Mississippi River Improvement. St. Louis, Oct. 26.—The Mississippi River Improvement Convention met at the Grand Opera House at half-past eleven o'clock this Opera House at half-past cleven o'clock this morning. About five hundred delegates were present from all the States in the Missistippi Vailey, Michael McEnnis, president of the local executive committee, called the convention to order. The secretary of the executive committee then read the call for the convention, after which Mr. McEnnis spoke.

The appointment of Governor Crittenden as temporary chairman was received with cheers. He delivered quite a lengthy address.

"I Am an Innocent Man."

Hannishung, Pa., Oct. 26.—The two numbergers, Frank and Henry, convicted of muruer, were brought into court this afternoon and argument advanced for another trial. The court refused the motions and both were sentenced to be hanged. Henry received the aemicne with his usual calm demeanor. Frank protested his innocence, and at the conclusion of the sentence remarked to the court with a smile: "Thanks; I am an innocent man." Fire on a Steamthip.

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.-A fire broke out this morning on the steamship Bolivia, of the Anchor line, lying at pier 58, North River. The pochor line, lying at pler 58, North River. The pol-lice of the sleamboat squad investigated the fre-and reported the cause as maknown, while the police of the Nipth Precinct report that the fire-was caused by a bag of sulphur taking fire, but in what mamer they did not state. The fire marshal found that the fire broke out between decks.

Pimlico, Md., Oct. 26.—First race—One mile and a quarter. Won by Bob Riddle; Linchpin second and Amazon third. Time, 22014. Second race, Oriole handicap for all ages—One mile and a furlong. Wen by Jack of Hearts: Governor Hampton second, Sir Hugh third. Time, 2014. Third race—Three-quarter-mile heats. First heat was won by Blue Lodge, Wakefield second, Plygitmage third. Time, 120.

The Passenger Rate Increase.

Bosron, Oct. 26.—The officials of the Pennsylvania and Baltimore and Ohio Railroad companies in this city commenced to-day to sell leket at the increased rate of \$15 to Chicago and linelinial, while the other lines continue to sell it the previous rate.

· Seth Low for Mayor. BROOKLYN, N. Y., Oct. 26.-The Republican city convention met this afternoon and nomi-

The Election of Mr. Windom. CHICAGO, Oct. 26.—A dispatch from St. Paul announces the election of Mr. Windom as United States Scuator by the Legislature in joint session to-day.

CABLE CATCHES.

A French transport has arrived at Tunis with eighteen hundred troops.

The local government board of Dubliu has dis-missed Dr. Kenny from the post of parochial medical officer.

Licutenant-Colonel John Hamilton, Third Ar-tillery, left here Tuesday evening for his post at Fort Hamilton, N. Y., at the Narrows of New York harbor.

harbor,

Mr. Gladstone has arrived at Knowsley. He will receive a deputation on Thursday. Special precautions were taken for his aafety during his journey. His movements were kept secret.

Captain Satteriee Clark Plummer, Heutenant of the Fifteenth Infantry, arrived in Washington yesterday morning from Fort Commings, N. M., and is with his mother at No. 1811 G street.

The constabulary have been instructed to warn persons against allowing Land League meetings in their houses. Every person attempting to hold a League meeting will be immediately arrested. The Soir, of Paris, says the Brazilian Minister has officially informed M. Barthelemy St. Hillaire, Minister of Foreign Affairs, that the Emperor and Empress of Brazil will arrive in Europe shortly.

TYNER RESIGNS.

CORRESPONDENCE ON THE SUBJECT.

Mr. James Says He Does Not Intend to Reflect Upor Mr. Typer's Personal or Official Integrity-Full and Complete Statement by the Late Official.

Assistant Postmaster-General Tyner ndered his resignation yesteaday as the sequel

of the following correspondence:

Washipotox, D. C., Oct. 25, 1881.

Hon. Thomas L. Janus, Posimater-General:

Sia: I inclose herewith, in response to your letter
of the 14th inst., my resignation of the office of First
Assistant Postmaster-tieneral, to be delivered to the
President on the condition that the request for it is
not based upon charges against my official honor of
integrity, especially in connection with the alleged
attar-route frants either by direct act or neglect of
duty. If such sharges have been made or implied, it
is proper that they should be clearly stated, and that
I should have the opportunity to reply to them. I
believe he and you will approve this suggestion.

Very respecially, your obsident servant,

JAS. N. TYNER.

The Postmaster-General replied as follows:

The Postmaster-General replied as follows:

[Copy.] Wastington, Oct. 25, 1861,
Sin: I have the honor to acknowledge the recipt
of your resignation of the office of First Assistant
Postmaster-General, which I have just handed to the

Postinate of the says that the request for your resignation was not based upon any reflection upon your personal or official integrity. Yety respectfully, THOMAS L. JAMES, Postmaster-General.

The Honorable JAMES N. TYNER.

Mr. Tyner says that be has not recently tried to hold the office for the sake of the place, but only integrated the result after. The President directed to protect his reputation. The President directed that the letter requesting his resignation should be sent quietly without publicity, upon the representation to him that the relations existing between the Postmaster-General and Typer were un-friendly, and that the latter desired to be relieved,

That statement was correct except that Tyner feared that retirement pending the star-route investigation would expose him to misrepresentation and scandal, just as it has done. The Postmaster-General and the late President both knew of his fears, and BOTH SEEMED DOPOSED TO PROTECT HIM. BOTH SEEMED DISPOSED TO PROTECT HIM.

Both knew that any intilination of his complicity
therein or failure of dury therewith was injust.

The desire of Mr. James to have him go out was
in consequence of the existence of ill-feeling between them. Mr. Tyner thinks it originated with
meddlesome persons, and as the Postmaster-General states that the request for his resignation was
not based upon any redections upon his personal
or official integrity it is evident that

THE HONOR OF NEITHER WAS INVOLVED.

THE HONOR OF NEITHER WAS INVOLVED.

Recent newspaper fittacks make it necessary that he should answer them. The attacks were based on information that could only have come from the Department's records and employees. He says that the charge that some of the most indefensible transactions of the Contract Office occurred while he presided over it and was Postmaster-General is misdeading. He was always opposed to expeditions, and very rarely ordered or consented to them, and he thinks that the sixteen months of his term in that office was freer from unnecessary expenditure than any similar period of late years. The most important expeditions were ordered by Fostmaster-General Jaweil, and the orders signed by him. Monthly reports were made to Jewell, and he was consulted about every change of consequence THE HONOR OF NEITHER WAS INVOLVED.

change of consequence

AND AFFROVED IT.

Similar reports were made to Tyner when he became Postmaster-General, but the one for February (the last month of his term) was not prepared before he went out; it was submitted to Judge Key. Within that period several costly changes had been made without his knowledge, and he heard of them after he had gone out and before he returned as First Assistant. He directed the attention of the new Postmaster-General to them at once, and suggested that they should be examined. Judge Key will doubtless confirm this statement. Mr. Tyner says that in this instance, as in all others when they discussed these subjects, he did not assault anybody's honesty; he expressed his own views of administrative policy.

As PORCIBLY AS HE COULD.

Regarding the report on star service that he made to Judge Key after his return from the Pacific coast in 1878, he says he made the investigation upon Key's written order, submitted the report to him, and called his attention to what he believed to be unnecessary service, and to the remedies which he proposed for the evils of the star-route system. He is willing to stake his reputation on this report. When it was alluded to recently a doubt was expressed as to whether it had ever been submitted to the Tostmaster-General. A high official of the Department is reported to have recently said that he didn't believe Key ever saw it. AND APPROVED IT.

he was not justified anyhow in disturbing it. Key says that he approved the service after the report was made. That removed it from the action of anyone else afterward. Will the present head of the Post-Office Department say that his subordinate shall overrule him and undo his work in that way? Such doctrine puts the responsible chief at the mercy of an assistant not charged by law with the responsibility, and would render it risky for the chief to ever leave his desk. The insimutation that this report was suppressed and afterward captured by Mr. James is unworthy of anybody engaged on the star-route investigation. The Postmaster-General did not know of its existence. It was the subject of a conversation with President Garfield before Mr. James heard of it, and was handed to the latter at the President's request. On receiving it Mr. James agreed that it should be seen only by the President and himself. It had been kept from the files of the Department by Key's order.

AND WAS A PRIVATE PAPER.

Mr. James was told so at the time he received it. Afterward he told Trang that the Alternor General

AND WAS A PRIVATE PAPER.

Mr. James was told so at the time he received it. Afterward he told Tyner that the Attorney-General had it, and he would not treat it as a private paper. He then saked leave to print it, assigning as a reason that Brady had called thin a liar in the New York Heroid, and he wanted "to quote Tyner on Brady." As the object did not relate to the Interest of the public service, and is the publication would not elucidate the issue between them, Tyner did not give his consent. It afterward [appeared, however, in the columns of a leading newspaper WITHOUT CONSULTING HIM.

To the charge that he obstructed the star-route

WITHOUT CONSULTING HIM.

To the charge that he obstructed the star-route investigation Typer says that the business of his office and that of the Contract Office are as separate as if they were in different Departments. He could not obstruct without efficious intermeddling, and no one in the Department will claim that he ever did that. His business was to appoint postmasters. It has been said that he failed to dismiss officers of this class who made fraudulent reports on the star service. All reports relating thereto go to the Contract Office; the First Assistant never sees them. Typer says that the records of the Department

DO NOT FURNISH A SINGLE INSTANCE DO NOT FURNISH A SINGLE INSTANCE of failure to dismiss a postmaster justly accused of failse reports on the star-route service or any other similar decelletion of duty after it was brought to his notice. The person who made this charge know it was failse. Mr. Tyner says that he has never failed to furnish any information about star-routes or anything clae when called upon to do so, nor has he omitted to volunteer such information. At the commencement of Mr. James term he offered his services

PREELY AND UNRESERVEDLY. FREELY AND UNRESERVEDLY, and, as his resignation was based upon the condition that no charge existed sgainst him for "neglect of duty," be claims that the acceptance of it is the admission that his duty was well performed, or, at least, not neglected. What, then, becomes of the statement apparently inspired by the Department that the Postmuster-General could not prosecute his "reforms" unless Tyner was out of the road?

of the road?

MR. TYNER DOES NOT BELIEVE
that President Garfield had determined before his
death to remove him. They had three or four interviews about the star route business at the
President's request, in which the questionable
method. of conducting the investigation were
freely discussed. The last of these interviews occurred within twenty-four hours of the fatal shot,
of which fact at issust two other persons have
knowledge, one of whom intentionally overheard
a part of what was said. The impression left on
Mr. Tyner's mind then was not that he was to go
out because of suspicious relations to the starroute investigation.
OS FOR ANY OTHER CAUSE.

OR FOR ANY OTHER CAUSE.

Mr. Tyner says that the records of the Department will show that he never abused his trust in any respect. He is willing to rest his case upon any deliberate statement the Postmaster-General will himself make. He has not joined in the sweeping charges of corruption against everybody who happened to have labored to secure an increase of service on star routes, no approved of the plan of trying mor on criminal charges in the newspapers before a court of competent jurisdiction had passed upon their cases; yet he has not interferred with those who are engaged in the investigation, nor discouraged them nor impeded their progress. He has attended to his own business, and if the detectives and others around the Postmaster-General had done likewise this statement would have been unnecess. OR FOR ANY OTHER CAUSE. others around the Postmaster-General had d likewise this statement would have been unne

The Election in Baltimore.

Baltimore, Oct. 26.—The Democrats today elected their entire ticket, including the mayor and every member of both branches of the city council. For mayor there was no opposition to William Pinkney Whyte, who had "a walk to William Pinkney Whyte, who had "a walk over," For the judge of the Court of Appeals there was no opposition to Judge Bartol, but the vote for this gentleman was comparatively small, there being no judicial tickets at a number of politing places. The total vote for councilmen was a little under \$8,000. The regular Democrate politing 25,600, the Independent Democrate 5,500, and the Republicans a little less toan 8,000, about half of the usual vote of the latter. There was very little interest in the election outside of the managers and professional politicians,

SERENADE TO GENERAL ROBERTS. Eloquent Specches by Mon. John E. Blair

Generals Roberts and Davis. General George H. Roberts, of Nebraska, was serenaded last night by the Nebraska and Pennsylvania Republican Associations of this city. Headed by the Marine Band the two associations heated by the Marine Band the two associations marched up the Avenue and halted before the ladies' entrance of the Riggs House, where, under the direction of Mr. J. P. Sousa, the band rendered a number of exquisite selections. Hon John E. Blair, president of the Fennsylvania Republican Association, introduced General Roberts to the ssemblage. He said :

assemblage. He said:

I have been requested to introduce to you General Roberts, of Nebrasks. Those of you who hall from Nebraska need no introduction to this gentleman. Those of you from Nebraska need no introduction to this gentleman. Those of you from Pennsylvania will only need to know that this distinguishes soldier marched through Rallimore on the forst had you fapil. 18th—the day after Fort Sunter was fired upon—and was present when the first blood was shed that thangurated the long and sarguinary struggle that closed with the surrender at apportance. Since then he has been an honor to Nebraska, and we are proud to welcome him to the Pational Capital to-night.

At the conclusion of these remarks the crowd, which numbered upward of three thousand, gave THERE ROUSING CHEERS FOR GENERAL ROBERTS.

General Roberts then came out on the portico and

said:

MR. CHAIRMAN AND LABIES AND GENTLEMEN:
do not take this seromade and this immense con
course of people as entirely a compliment to myself
but hold that it is a testiminal to that Saiwari Ite
publication on my part which it has been my con
that I come from Permulyamia, that grant old Saio
of lofly mountains, broad rivers, and inland seas,
was born in Philadelphia. And though Boston may
possess Fangul Hall, which is the cradic of liberty
Philadelphia can boast of Independence Hall, which
was its birth-place.

Proceeding, the speaker said that Nobrasla was

Philadelphia can boast of Independence Hall, which was its birth-place.

Proceeding, the speaker said that Nebraska was the first State admitted into the Union since the war, and in its motto was incorporated the grandest principle of American liberty, "Equality before the law." He paid a glowing tribute to the flag that waved above his head, which, he said, commemorated the memory of Lincoln and represented the achievements of Grant, the foremost solider and Stalwart of the world. Throughouthis remarks General Roberts was most heartily applanded, the wast crowd making the welk in ring with their cheers. In conclusion General Roberts paid a glowing tribute to the memory of the late President, and then exherted all true Republicans to stand up manfully in solutaining

to stand up manfully in sostaining

THE NEW CHIEF MAGISTRATE,
who brought to the execution of his high trust an
exalted patriotism and true Republication that
must commend him to every loyal heart throughout the land. At the close of his remarks General
Roberts introduced to the assemblage ex-Governor
E. J. Davis, of Texas, who made a lively and sirring speech, in which he referred to the eminent
services of General Roberts, and his devotion to the
Union in the darkest bours of the late war, and his
devotion to all that contributes to the welfare and
true greatness of the American people. At the
conclusion of the speeches the band played
"Auid Lang Syng" and a number of other airs,
after which the assemblage dispersed, highly delighted with the events of the evening.

THE PENSION OFFICE.

An Increase of Force to Be Asked For

Two Important Orders. The Commissioner of Pensions, in his annual report, will ask Congress to increase the force of his bureau to a considerable extent, in order that he may be able to act, especially upon the mass of old cases awaiting consideration, without delay. If Colonel Dudley's recommendaform are headed claims will be disposed of within a short period of time after filing, unless inability or neglect on the part of the applicant to furnish estimony prevent. Action will, however, in the event of the necessary legislation, he first had upon he cases which have been longest pending. The bllowing orders were issued yeaterday by the formissioner.

following orders were issued yesterday by the Commissioner:

No case should be rejected until every available source of information has been exhausted, unless the rejection be clearly upon legal points.

No case the rejection is clearly upon legal points.

No claim hereafter rejected will be reopened except upon new and material evidence going to the cause of rejection.

No power of substitution hereafter filed, substituting one attorney by another, will be recognized by this office, unless executed before an officer authorized to administer ouths for general purposes, and unless the first attorney has full power of substitution, and shall state in each case so transferred the name of the soldier, his company and regiment, and the number of his claim.

A Surprise in the Census Office. Tuesday morning Colonel Seaton, now superintendent of the Census, was surprised by

CAPITAL JOTTINGS.

HON. MARSHALL JEWELL of Connecticut, is a guest CONGRESSMAN WILLIAM HEILMAN, of Indians, is

sartered at the Ebbitt House, THE Government receipts yesterday were: From aternal revenue, \$389,539,47; customs, \$630,009.77. PRESIDENT GARVIELD'S pertrait is to placed upon the five-cent international-postage letter stamps, Tirk salling of the steamer Achoria, from New York, with mails for Scotland direct, has been in-definitely postponed. A nature session of the Cabinet was held yesterday.

at which all the members were present except. Attor ey-General MacVeagh.

PRESIDENT ARTHUR yest-rday remarked to a romainent Senator that he felt confident the Senate ould be enabled to adjourn Friday at the latest. EX-SENATOR TIMOTHY Hows, of Wisconsin, is roubled with an asthmatic affection, for which be as recently sought relief at the Hot Springs of Ar-Ex-PRESIDENT HAVES IS SITTING for a full-length

portrait to William M. Chase. When completed the deture is to hang in the Memorial Hall of Harvard UNIME Secretary Windom's late offer about \$7,000,000 of bonds have so far been presented to the Treasury for redemption. The amount presented yesterday was about \$50,000.

SENATOR LAMAR has returned to Mississippi, and will not come to Washington until the election is over. He is going for Chalmers, who is making speeches against bim all over the State.

THE French guests visited the State Department resterday afternoon, and afterward, in company with secretary Blaine and Chief Clerk Brown, called upon President Arthur and paid their respects,

John Davis, esq., assistant counsel for the United States before the Claims Commission, has been requested by Secretary Blaine to accompany the German visitors in their tour through the cauntry.

The vacancy in the Palent Office of a principal examinership, caused by the resignation of Mr. George P. Fisher, will be filled in a day or two. The report is that the present chief clerk, Malcolm Scaton, will re-ceive the appointment. The following internal-revenue appointments bave

been made: M. H. Waggar, storeksoper, first district of Tillnois: Stephen Maybell, storekesper, first dis-trict of California, and Joseph Maxwell, gauger, fourtriet of California, and Joseph Maxwell, gauger, four-teenth district of Pennsylvania.

BECRETARY WINDOW said last evening that with the close of business yesterday bis administration as Secretary of the Treasury virtually terminated. To will, however, be at the Department a part of the

ime during the next few days. Tr is understood that ex-Custodian Pitney, of the Treasury Department, will soon publish a statement in defense of his management of the affairs of the office lattly held by him, and in reply to certain charges contained in the Meline report.

PROMENSIEM Indiana politicates are endeavoring to secure the appointment of Mr. George B. Wright, of that State, as auditor of relived accounts. A petition in his behalf, bearing, among other names, that of Hon, John C. New, was sent to President Arthur yes-terday.

Assistant Secretary Frence received from President Arthur yesterday morning an appointment as Acting Secretary of the Treasury. The appointment dates from to day, and, according to law, can be held by Judge French for ion days, unless a Secretary should be appointed in the meantime.

DR. JOHN B. BLAKE.

HIS SUDDEN DEATH YESTERDAY

He Passes Away in the Eightleth Year of His Age-Sketch of His Long and Useful Life-The Many Official Positions He Has Filled.

One of the oldest and best-known citi zons of the District, Dr. John B. Blake, died yes-terday morning at his residence, 511 Fourth street. He was in the eightleth year of his age, and to the last was in perfect possession of his faculties. Dur-ing his long residence in this District he has always taken an active interest in promoting the material welfare of the city, and he has been prominently identified in the progress and development of the District. His face and figure were familiar on the streets, and he had a

children. At the time of his death he held the position of

PRESIDENT OF THE OLDEST INHABITANTS,
of which he was a prominent and leading member for many years. He was the secretary of the Washington Monument Sceiety, and devoted much of his time and concry for many years to directing public attention to the necessity of pushing this patriotic enterprise to completion. He lived to see his hopes realized, and a great deat of the credit for the resumption of this work belongs to him. Death came very unexpectedly but found him prepared. He had his house set in order and his last moments were quiet and peaceful. He passed away as a child falls to sleep. The Illness which confined him to the house was an affection of the kidneys, but his death is attributed to heart-disease. The funeral will take place from Trinity Church on Friday next, and the interment will be in Oak Hill Cemetery.

THE RIFLE MATCH.

The Washington Light Infantry Win-Excellent Scores.

The challenge match between the National Rifles and the Washington Light Infantry took place yesterday at the fair grounds. Great interest centered in this contest, and the practice of both teams had been diligent and persistent. The challenge grew out of the result of the shoot-The swilling to stake his reputiation on this report. When it was alluded to recently a doubt was expressed as to whether it had ever been submitted to the Postmaster-General. A high official of the Department is reported to nave recently said that he didn't believe Key ever asw it.

THE INICIATION OF THIS SHEPTION.

Is put to rest by Key's late interviewing, which he says he directed that it should not be published, to the did not department is a put to rest by Key's late interviewing, which he says he directed that it should not be published, to the did not department is put to rest by Key's late interviewing, which he says he directed that it should not be published, to the did not department in the following terms:

Is put to rest by Key's late interviewing, which he says he directed that it should not be published, to the did not dispute the says that he was not justified anyhow in disturbing it. Key says that he approved the service after the report. Typer after the post-Office Department say that his subordinate was not justified anyhow in disturbing it. Key says that he approved the service after the report was mande. That removed it from the action of anyone else afterward. Will the present head of it at the merey of an assistant not charged by law which the responsibility, and would render it risky for the chief to ever leave his dand ariservale him and undo his work in that way? Such doctrine puts the responsible chief at the merey of an assistant not charged by law which how it to testify to other matters when the more of an assistant not charged by law which the responsibility, and would render it risky for the chief to ever leave his dand ariservale caparted by law along the control of the post of an assistant not charged by law which the responsibility, and would render it risky for the chief to ever leave his dand ariservale caparted by law along the conversation will be restained to the fact the merey of an assistant not charged by law which the fact the merey of an assistant not charged by law

Total.

W. L. Cash. ... 5 5 3 4 5 4 1 22
After the regular match was over Serreant James
C. Addison, of the National Rifler, offered a beautiful enp as a prize, open to all contestants. About
twenty gentlemen, members of the Washington
Light Infantry, National Rifler, Union Veteran
Corps, and other military organizations, entered
for the trophy, and after au exciting contest it waswon by Sergeant J. G. Cowie, of the Washington
Light Infantry, by a score of twelve out of a possible fifteen.

The directors of the National Fair Assciation met last evening to perfect arrangements for the fall running meeting, which begins next Fuesday and continues four days. Advices received from Major J. D. Ferguson, who has been instrumental in securing entries, stated that upward of two hundred and fifty of the best race horses in the country would compete for the purses. Among those who will be represented are the Messrs. Lorillard, Babeosch & Co., ex. Governor Bowle. Ackerman & Co., H. M. Daniels, Dwyer Bress, E. A. Clabaugh, Sajor J. T. Williams, Charles Reid, W. C. Daly, and Felhaus. In addition to the four big stake races there will be nine flat races and three steeple chases, in which such cracks as Cricknore, Eole, Aelle, Checkmate, Moultor, Glemmore, Compensation, Fellowplay, Oriole, Irish King, and Mary Anderson will start. The Messrs. Cridge have taken steps to erect fifteen pool stands, and will have a large force on hand for the accomodation of the betting fraternity. Arrangements have been made to run special trains from this city and Baltimore during the meeting, and the indications point to one of the most successful turievents of the season. ceived from Major J. D. Ferguson, who has been

Death of Major John Mix. A dispatch received last night from St. Louis states that Colonel John Mix, major of the Ninth Cavalry, died suddenly yesterday on board a railway train while en route from Santa Fe to a railway train while en route from Santa Fe to Fort Cutumings, New Mexico. Colonel Mix first enfered the service in April, 1852, as a private in the old Second Dragoons (now the Second Cavalry), and remained continuously in service until his death. In August, 1861, he was promoted to a fleutenantcy in the regiment in which he had been for over nine years an enlisted man. In the next month he was made a major in the Third New York Cavalry, still retaining his rank in the dragoons, and in the following April (1862) was promoted to licutenant-colonel, in which grade he served with great distinction until the following December, when he resigned his volunteer commission. During the rest of the war he served with regiment in the field, reaching the rank of captain October 19, 1860. Since the war he has been almost continuously in the field, serving in Kansas, Nebraska, Wyoning, Dakota, and Montans, until last spring, when, on the death of Major Clarence Mauck, he was promoted to be major of the Ninth Cavalry.

TELEGRAPHIC TWISTINGS.

—A big anti-monopoly meeting was held in the Cooper Institute, New York, last night, L. E. Chittenden presiding.

—The Yon Stenbens will visit Philadelphia on the 8th of November. They will be unable to remain longer than one day.

—A fire yestorday destroyed the mill of John A. Adms, at Adamsdaie, R. L. Loss, 890,000; insurance, 858,000, in thirty companies.

—Reports continue to come in of the loss of crops and live-stock on the lowlends north of Burlington, towa. People were obliged to take refuge in the uplands.

—A postal clerk named Van Horn, running be-

mania were lo cated in Rhes and Biesesse countries.

First Contrinction of this transfer Lawton, Iowa. People were obliged to take refuge in
the uplands.

A postal clerk named Van Horn, running bestates district judge, when assigned to daity outside of
this turisdiction, can be paid by the Government. This
question was raised by Judge Blaichford, of New
York, and referred to the First Comptroller by the
Athermoduleneral.

RAILROAD MEN IN COUNCIL.

onvention of the Southern Bailway and

Steamship Association. The seventh annual convention of the Southern Railway and Steamship Association met at the Metropolitan Hotel at twelve o'clock yester-day, Senator Joseph E. Brown, president; Virgil Pow-ers, general commissioner, and Charles A. Tindail, secretary. The following members were present: Atlanta and West Point Ballroad Company, Cecil Gabbatt, seneral amagers: Central Railwad and Atlanta and West Point Ballroad Company, Cecil Gabhett, general manager; Central Railroad and Bankting Company of Georgia, W. G. Raoul, vice-president; G. A. Whitehead, general freight agent; T. W. Gough; Charlotte, Columbus, and Augusta Railroad Company, T. M. R. Taicott, general manager; Solomon Haas, general freight agent; Duck River Valley Railroad Company, Georgo R. Knox, general freight agent; Georgia Bailroad and Banking Company, E. R. Dorsey, general freight agent; Louisville and Nashville Bailroad Company, J. M. Culp; Macon and Branswick Railroad Company.

In his long residence in this District the has always taken an active interest in promoting should be been prominently identified edity, and he had a been prominently identified the city, and he had a personal acquaintance with a large portion of the citizens. His whole and serveit, and he had a personal acquaintance with a large portion of the citizens. His wide and varied experience, this keen and discriminating knowledge of men and affairs, and his memory richly stored with reminiscences of tamous statesmen and historic events made his conversation at once interesting and instructive. Possessed of anong his acquaintances the young as well as the old. No one knew Dr. Biake except to entertain for him the highest personal respect and regard. Dr. Biake was born at Colchester, Fairfax County, Yinginka. His father, James H. Hiske, was born at Colchester, Fairfax County, Yinginka. His father, James H. Hiske, was born and Collester of the administration of Presultantion under the salmanistration of Presultantion under the administration of Presultantion under the salmanistration of Presultantion under the salmanistration of Presultantion under the salmanistration of Presultantion of Pres

The following officers were elected for the ensu-ing year: Joseph E. Brown, of Atlanta, president Virgil Powers, of Macon, Ga., general commis-sioner, and Charles A. Sindall, of Macon, secretary.

The Wheeler-Bleecker Wedding. The marriage of Miss Nina Bleecker, the laughter of the late Pay Director Bleecker, to Mr. Langdon P. Wheeler, of Boston, last evening, at the residence of the bride's mother, 2000 I street, the residence of the bride's mother, 2030 I street, was a very quiet but pretty affair. The invitations were limited to the relatives and friends of the contracting parties, and the parlors, which were handsomely decorated with flowers, were filled with a brilliant assemblage. The bride, who looked very pretty in the handsome bridad array, entered the room, leaning upon the arm of her brother, Lieutenant John Bleecker, U. S. N. The groom accompanied the bride's mother. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. Shippen, the pastor of All Sonis 'Unurch, and at its conclusion the bridal couple received the congratulations of their friends. Among those present were Rear-Admiral Murray, Commodore Temple, General McKeever, Mr. and Mrs. Irving, Lieutenant and Mrs. Dunlop, U. S. N., E. S. Wheeler, of New York; Miss Pitts, of Baltimore; Mrs. Admiral Wikkes and daughter, Mrs. Commodore Whiting and danghters, Mr. Yang Wing the Assistant Chinese Minister, and two attaches; Mrs. Lawrence, and Mr. Rathburn.

The reception of Colonel Thomas Gales orster and wife last evening was quite numerously attended at the residence of General Mc-Ewen. Colonel J. C. Smith acted as master of ceremonics and presented the guests in a highly

cetemonies and presented the guests in a highly entortaining manuer. Colonel Forster greeted his friends warmly, and in a few well-chosen and elequent words defined his position as the advocate and defender of the spiritual philosophy, and explained the object of his proposed lectures, to be given here this winter. Recitations were given by Dr. Frank White and Mr. Engens Jewell, and music was executed by Professor Jecko, Mrs. Mc-Ewen, Mrs. Rogers and Messrs. Whipple and Lilibridge to the great satisfaction of all listeners. Among those who assisted at this owation to Colonel Forster were Colonel J. C. Smith and wife, Daniel Smith and wife, Mrs. Dr. Rogers, Mrs. Helmick, Mr. Metenif and wife, Mrs. West, Mrs. Kest, of Virginia; Mrs. Holl, Mrs. E. C. Townsend, Dr. Rowland and wife, H. P. Wright, Mr. Barch and wife, General Edwards, wife, and sister; Mr. McKwen and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Squires, Mr. Cardozo, Mr. Higbee, Captain and Mrs. Cabell, Mr. Hosmer and wife, Mr. Jewell and wife, and others.

Washington Light Guard. The meeting of members and friends of the Washington Light Guard, at the company's armory, last Tuesday evening for the purpose of deciding upon active measures to insure the success of the proposed fair for the purpose of providing new uniforms and overcoats for the command was, as an initial step, well calculated to encourage its promoters. Major Norton, commanding the Washington Light Guard, was elected temporary chairman, and Mrs. Maggie Nortis secretary. Twelve young ladies were appointed an auxiliary committee. The ladies' auxiliary committee decided to meet at the armory next saturday at half-past seven p. m., and the meeting then adjourned, after receiving assurances of support from every section of the city, to meet on Tuesday next at half-past seven p. m. at the same place. On the same evening the company elected Captain S. R. Stratton and Messrs, Milton Davis and William H. Landvoight honorary members, and referred to the recruiting committee a number of applications for active membership. mory, last Tuesday evening for the purpose of de-

Railroad Accident.

DANVILLE, VA., Oct. 26.-Last night about twelve o'clock a train of empty passenger-cars coming to Danville for the transportation o the First Regiment Connecticut Infantity ran into the rear of a freight train near the Rockfish depot of the Virginia Midland Railway, smashing a caboose and another car, W. C. Lee, of Rock Mountain, was seriously injured, also a white man from Franklin County, named Morton. The track was repaired in time for this morning's regular passenger train from Washington, aboard which was Governor Hoyt arrived here, excompanied by General Latia, on route for Atlanta, having been detained nine hours by the accident at the Rockfish depot. Hele fit for Atlanta at eight o'clock to-night, and without accident will reach there to-morrow noon. the First Regiment Connecticut Infantry ran into

ARMY AND NAVY NEWS.

Rear-Admiral Patterson, U. S. N., who re-turned last year from the command of the Asiatic fleet, is living at his old home, at the corner of Twenty-first and G streets.

Rear-Admiral Gustavus H. Scott. U. B. N., is now living with his son in-law, Pay Inspec-tor David Kindelberger, U. S. N., who has very re-cently moved into his new residence, at the corner of Twentieth and G streets.

cently moved into bisnew residence, at the corner of Twentieth and 6 streets.

Captain L. E. Pagan, of the Marines, from the Marine Barrarks at Portsmouth, N. H., and ordered to command the marine guard of the Brooklyn, and upon her arrival in the Bouth Atlantic as ficet marine officer of that station. Second Lleutenant S. H. Jackson to duty on the Brooklyn.

Licutenant A. H. Vall, Master J. J. Hunker, and Midshipman W. R. Rush to examination for promotion; Captain L. A. Beardslee from special duty on the 18th of November next and granted three months leave, with pernission to leave the United States; Licutenant J. D. Keeler from the command of the Speedwell and placed on waiting orders; Surgeon J. B. Parker from the Wachtmatts on the reporting of his relief and ordered home; Surgeon W. H. Jones to the Wachtmatts, at Silka, Alaska; Boalswain P. H. Smith, Carpetter L. L. Martin, and Sailmaker G. P. Barnes to duty at the Norfolk navy-yard.

Secretary Hunt yesterday organized the following board of officers to re-examine Paymaster J. A. Stevenson, of the navy, for promotion to the rank of pay-inspector. The former board reported against his promotion. Paymaster Stevenson was a candidate for the Paymaster denoraliship of the navy, and the president of the board which first

a candidate for the Paymaster Generalisin of the navy, and the president of the board which first examined him was also a candidate for that place. The following is the board organized yesterday: Pay-Director C. J. Emery, Pay-Director C. W. Abbott, and Pay-Inspector Edwin Stewart. The board will meet to-morrow at the Navy Depart-ment.

GUITEAU'S TRIAL.

MORE TIME GRANTED THE ASSASSIN.

District-Attorney Corkhill Opposes the Motion for a Postponement-The Question of Jurisdic-Not to Be Argued-Another Assoclate for the Prosecution.

The announcement that a motion ould be made in the Criminal Court yesterday morning to postpone the trial of Guiteau for two weeks caused a large crowd to assemble, the ma-jority of which were members of the bar. Messrs. Leigh Robinson and George M. Scaville appeared for the prisoner, and District Attorney Corkhill and Mr. W. D. Davidge for the Government. Shortly after the court had been opened Mr. Robinson rose and, addressing Justice Cox, said he had a motion and, andressing sustice tox, said he had a motion to make in the case of Guifeau relative to a post-ponement of the trial for two weeks. He was reluctant to make the request, as he did not wish to delay the trial unnecessarily, but he had other engagements at present which would embarrass bim greatly in conducting this case, to which he had been assigned by the Court. Thus far he had con-sulted but once with his associate, Mr. Scoville, and had not seen the prisoner, except when he was arraigned several days ago. In this case he repre-sented a duty more than a client and would not ask a postponement did he not think it absolutely indiscensable TO PREPARE FOR A DEFENSE OF THE PRISONER.

dinary circumstances he would not oppose the of a peculiar nature. The prisoner had committed a brutal and most hemous crime, which merited prompt and severe punishment, and his trial had been peremptorily fixed for the 7th of November. Mr. Robinson knew these facts whon he accepted the assignment, and one of the reasons given by him for asking a postponement was that it would interfere with other cases. The Government had employed associate coursel, and a postponement might conflict with their engagements also and give rise to new complications. He had received a dispatch from Mr. J. K. Porter, of New York, who was to assist the prosecution, stating that he would arrive in Washington Saturday programs and would be proposed to so with morning, and would be prepared to go on with the trial on the day set. For these reasons he must protest against any further postponement. Justice Cox stated that it was due the prisoner to have a

time. This was a remarkable and exceptional case, and should therefore receive grave consideration. After reflection he had decided to grant a postponement for one week, to November 14, and on that day on that day

THE TRIAL MUST BEGIN.

Mr. Davidge inquired what action would be
taken on the question of jurisdiction of the court
to try the case. He had understood that the Court
desired the question to be settled before the trial.

Justice Cox replied that if this point was to be argued he would prefer that it should be done prior to the trial, for it might obviate any trial

a fair and impartial hearing, and when he made the assignment of the case for November 7 he was in doubt but that he should have granted more

Mr. Scoville stated that after examining the question of jurisdiction he was fully satisfied that the court had full power to try the case, and he would not argue the point against his own convic-tions. He believed that his colleague held similar

Mr. Robinson remarked that while he coincided with Mr. Scoville on the question, he did not de-sire to commit himself at present.

sire to commit himself at present.

Justice Cox informed him that the statement just made would not be considered as binding him in any way, and, after repeating that the trial must begin November 14, proceeded to the consideration. eration of the other business of the court.

Mr. John K. Porter, who is to be associated with
Messes. Corkhill and Davidge in the prosecution of

the case, is a leading lawyer of New York city, and was one of the counsel for the defense in the Beecher-Tilton trial. Chicago, Oct. 25.—Lawyer Trude, of this city, who will assist in the defense of Guiteau, said to an Inter-Occun reporter to-night that he would ad-vance the plea of insanity, as he believed the man to be insane. He cared nothing about Guiteau, he said, but was a lover of the law.

TEMPERANCE CONVENTION.

Workers in the Total Abstinence Cause, The National Women's Christian Temperance Union met in annual convention yester Middle States, Maryland, Indiana, Ohio, Illmois, Michigan, Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, Arkansas,

Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Virginia, West Virginia, South Carolina, Kentucky, Dakota, and the District of Columbia are represented in the convention. Miss Frances E. Willard called the con-Clara Barton, and Miss Susan B. Anthony were invited to seats on the platform. Miss Willard read her annual address, which was list sed to with deep attention. The delegates were reched in the church, and the afternoon sees on was principally occupied in the reading of reports.

in the church, and the afternoon sess, on was principally occopied in the reading of reports.

At THE EVENING SESSION

the church was densely packed with an appreciative audience long before the meeting was opened. On the platform were seated Miss Willard, Mrs. Chapin, Mrs. Woodbridge, Mrs. Lathrop, Miss Duty, of Ohio, Mrs. Roach, Miss Annie Gordon, the very pretty private secretary of Miss Willard, Mrs. Poster, of Iowa, Bishop Andrews, and Miss Sman B. Antiony. The meeting was opened by Miss Jemie Duty, of Cleveland, Ohio, who conducted the devotional exercises. Miss Duty is a dark-eyed woman of much personal grace and not a few personal charms. She was dressed in a garnet-colored dress and jacket with a bunch of roses at her bosom. Her reading of an extract from Paul's letter to the Philliplans was clear and distinct, as the selection was pertinent to the occasion; and her prayer had the magnetic ring of genuine entimakam as well as the sterling merit of brevity. Miss Ross Ellis followed with a solo.

Mrs. CLARA L. ROACH

then delivered the formal address of welcome in a clear penetrating voice and with a peculiarly felicitous grace of manner. The address was an elegan penetrating voice and with a peculiarly felicitous grace of manner. The address was an elegan penetrating voice and with a peculiarly felicitous grace of manner. The address was an elegan tone and was enthusiastically received.

Mrs. Judith Elleu Foster, of lova, the lawyer, said she was there to give some good reasons why there should be a good collection made. As this was a Methodist church, of course a collection was in order, and she therefore called upon them for a learty response. The members of the convention were carness workers in the cause of Christ, and for that reason she appealed to Christians to respond to be call. "All who love christ, pease give." Mrs. Poster's genial manner and happy humor had the effect of calling out a handsome contribution.

After a hymo. Mrs. Salie F. Chapin mode a response on behalf of the South to the add

success of the woners work over sectionalism and intemperance.

Mrs. Mary T. Lathrop, of Michigan, made a most elequent response in behalf of the North.

After the reading of some routine directions, the hymn "Blost be the Tie that Binds Us" was sungly the andience standing, and then followed bonediction and dismissal. There can be no question that the force at work in this convention is one of mighty power, and is an exponent of the influence to be exerted in the future by the spread of this movement.

Senor Martinez, the Chilian Minister at Washington, yesterday received a cablegram from the Chillan Minister at Paris, stating that advices received from Santlago, dated the 24th instant, announced the serious illness of General Kilpat-rick, United States Minister to Chili. The disrick, United States Minister to Chill. The dis-patch stated that General Kilpatrick was receiving the best care and attention, but that his physicians feared that his case was hopeless. Senor Martinez yesterday received two dispatches from the Chilian Minister at Paris, referring to advices re-ceived from the home government at Santiago, but in which no allusion whatever was made to Minister Kilpatrick. This fact Senor Martinez thinks justifies the hope and belief that no change for the worse has occurred in his condition.

The French visitors will leave to-day for Philadelphia in charge of Chief Clerk Sevellon A. Brown. From Philadelphia they will proceed to New York, Newport, and to Roston. From Roston the party will return to New York, where they will divide, several taking the scanner for France, while the remainder will make an extended tour through the country, probably as far west as San Francisco, before their departure for home.

The prosecution in the Christiancy case yesterday called as witness Mr. Samuel Chester, of New York, to prove that Haight, with whom Mrs. Christiancy is alleged to have been intimate, had made certain admissions to him. Objection was made by the dufense to the consideration of such testimony, and the examiner thereupon certified the question to the court for an opinion.